Full Monte[™] — The better approach

to Schedule Risk Analysis

Full Monte

Getting Started with Full Monte



Table of Contents

Cha	pter 1: Introduction	1
1.1	Overview	1
1.2	Prerequisites	1
1.3	The Full Monte Demonstration Project	2
1.4	Schedule Risk Assessment / Schedule Risk Analysis	4
1.5	Three-Point Estimate Guidance	5
Cha	pter 2: Getting Started with Full Monte	6
2.1	Opening a Project in Full Monte	6
2.2	Field Mappings	7
2.3	Task Hierarchy	12
2.4	Entering Duration Uncertainty data	13
2.5	Confidence Interval	14
Cha	pter 3: Performing a Risk Analysis and Viewing Results	16
3.1	Running a Risk Analysis (Monte Carlo Simulation)	16
3.2	Viewing Results	19
Cha	pter 4: Using Templates to apply Task Uncertainty	22
4.1	Defining Template Uncertainty	22
4.2	Applying Template Uncertainty by Selecting Tasks	22
4.3	Applying Template Uncertainty using Custom Fields	27
4.4	Running an Analysis based on Template Data	32
Cha	pter 5: Analyzing Results.	35
5.1	Sensitivity Analysis	35
5.2	Risk Path Analysis	36
5.3	Custom Views in Microsoft Project	42
Sun	nmary	47

FOREWORD

Most project management software products implement a technique called Critical Path Methodology (CPM). This includes popular tools such as Microsoft Project[™], Oracle Primavera[™], and Deltek Open Plan[™]. The problem with the Critical Path Methodology is that it gives users a single-point estimate of when projects will be complete. This single, deterministic, estimate will not only most likely be wrong but in fact tends to be overly optimistic, often resulting in projects being delivered late and over budget.

By including information related to estimate uncertainty and the potential impact of threats and opportunities, we can enhance the CPM model to provide insight into how these uncertainties interact and produce a range of completion estimates with associated levels of confidence.

These types of enhancements are called 'Quantitative Risk Assessment' or 'Schedule Risk Analysis'.

Barbecana's Full Monte[™] addresses the issue of cost and schedule risk analysis by replacing single-point estimates with probability distributions and using Monte Carlo simulation to provide a much more realistic assessment of likely project outcomes.

We have strived to make the product powerful and flexible while retaining ease of use for all levels of schedule maturity. We hope you enjoy using the software as much as we have enjoyed creating it.

Comments, suggestions, and feedback are always welcome, so please feel free to contact us.

Thank you go choosing Full Monte to help improve your chance of delivering a successful project.

Tony Welsh, Founder

Chapter 1: Introduction

1.1 Overview

Barbecana's Full Monte enhances your project management capabilities by adding Monte Carlo simulation to your existing critical path method (CPM) project management system.

This is important because the critical path methodology used by tools such as Microsoft Project and Oracle Primavera, while an excellent technique for creating a model of the work to be performed to complete an objective, is inherently optimistic.

This means that any delivery/completion date calculated by such tools is typically unrealistic and has less than a 50% chance of being achievable. This is true even if your estimates are good and your execution performance is excellent. For further information on this inherent optimism please see the white paper "Merge Bias" available from the Barbecana web site here: <u>https://www.barbecana.com/full-monte/white-papers/</u>

This guide will explain how Full Monte can quickly show the impact of uncertainty and merge bias on your schedule and help you make more realistic commitments.

Note: This guide was produced using Microsoft Project 2019 Professional but all the techniques described can be used with any version of Microsoft Project Standard or Professional from 2010 through 2021.

1.2 Prerequisites

The guide assumes you have successfully installed Full Monte. If you have not yet installed the software, you can request a copy here: <u>https://www.barbecana.com/full-monte/free-trial-MSP/</u>

Follow the instructions in the Installation Guide to install the software.

You will also need a sample schedule. You can use your own schedule but you may find it easier to follow this guide using the sample provided with Full Monte.

The Monte Carlo simulation engine in Full Monte will simulate the execution of your project many times using different sampled durations based on the information described in section 1.4.

For these simulations to be meaningful it is important that the schedule: -

- Be Logic Driven Dates for successors should be driven by logic from predecessors.
- Avoid Hard Constraints Constraints such as Start No Later Than, Finish No Later Than, Finish On etc. will prevent the effect of delays to the schedule being modelled realistically. Even if the project has a firm required by date it is best to find out sooner rather than later that the date may be unrealistic. That gives us the opportunity to revise the schedule to improve our chances for on-time delivery.
- Avoid Manually Scheduled tasks Manually scheduled tasks hide the effect of project logic. Full Monte will treat all Manually Scheduled tasks as Automatically Scheduled.

1.3 The Full Monte Demonstration Project

To open the Full Monte sample project, follow these instructions:

- 1. Start Microsoft Project and if necessary, dismiss the open Project screen by selecting a new blank project.
- 2. Select the Add-Ins menu (skip this step if you have Microsoft Project 2007).
- 3. From the Full Monte Administration menu select Open Demonstration Project as shown in figure 1.1.

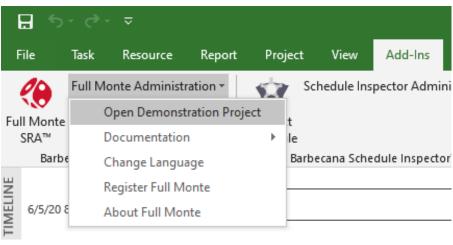


Figure 1.1

4. The dialog displayed in figure 1.2 will be displayed.

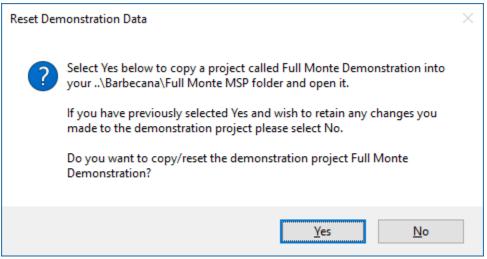


Figure 1.2

5. Click Yes to confirm that you wish to create a copy of the demonstration project in your personal Barbecana Full Monte folder.

Note: You can reset the demonstration project to its original state at any time by choosing Open Demonstration Project and clicking Yes on the dialog. If you wish to continue working with changes made in an earlier session, then either click No on the

dialog or simply open the project by selecting the Full Monte Demonstration project from the Microsoft Project recent files list.

6. Full Monte will confirm the file was copied as shown in figure 1.3.

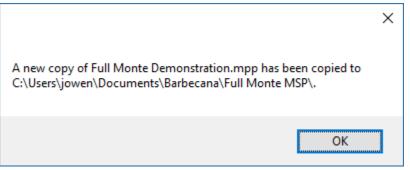


Figure 1.3

7. The demonstration project is opened in Microsoft Project as shown in figure 1.4

• •	Task Full	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		d-Ins Developer	Help Forma	t 🖓 Tell n	ne what you want to do								9
Mon		Inspect													
MOII A™		Schedule													
Bar	becana	Full Monte SRA™ Barbe	cana Schedule	Inspector™											
	0	Task Name	Duration .	Start	Finish -	Start Percentile (80%)	Finish Percentile (80%)	May 31,	, '20 Jun 14, '20 F W M S		Jul 12, '20	Jul 26, '20 M S T) Aug 9, '20		
0	_	4 Full Monte Demonstration	70 days	6/1/20 8:00 AM	9/4/20 5:00 PM		NA	0							
1		✓ Sample Project	70 days	6/1/20 8:00 AM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								
2		Initiate	5 days	6/1/20 8:00 AM	6/5/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA	1	ר						
3		Development	60 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA	1	+						۲
4		▲ Hardware	60 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA	1	±						•
5		HW Task 1	20 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	7/3/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA	1							
6		HW Task 2	20 days	7/6/20 8:00 AM	7/31/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA	1		ŀ		_			
7		HW Task 3	20 days	7/6/20 8:00 AM	7/31/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA			-			L		
8		HW Task 4	20 days	8/3/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								1
9		HW Complete	0 days	8/28/20 5:00 PM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA							•	*
10		✓ Software	54 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	8/20/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA		1						
11		SW Task 1	18 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	7/1/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								
12		SW Task 2	18 days	7/2/20 8:00 AM	7/27/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								
13		SW Task 3	18 days	7/2/20 8:00 AM	7/27/20 5:00 PM		NA								
14		SW Task 4	18 days	7/28/20 8:00 AM	8/20/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								
15		SW Complete	0 days	8/20/20 5:00 PM	8/20/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA							÷	-
16		Integration	5 days	8/31/20 8:00 AM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								1
17		Integration	5 days	8/31/20 8:00 AM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								
18	alanda		15 days	8/10/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM		NA								P
19		Brochure Development		8/10/20 8:00 AM	8/21/20 5:00 PM		NA								
20		Brochure Printing	5 days	8/24/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM		NA								
21		Delivery	0 days	9/4/20 5:00 PM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	NA	NA								
								. <u>.</u>							
v		iew Tasks : Auto Scheduled										54		£	



The sample data provided in the Full Monte Demonstration project is designed to quickly demonstrate some of the basic techniques of schedule risk analysis using Full Monte.

The project comprises two major components, a hardware component and a software component. These components are to be developed independently but must be integrated prior to project completion. There are also some marketing activities that should be completed ready for project delivery.

The Microsoft Project Gantt chart has been configured to show the critical path driving project completion using red bars. The critical (longest) path runs through Initiate, the HW tasks, and then through Integration to Delivery. The blue bars represent tasks with slack (float) that are not directly

driving project completion although they must obviously be completed before the project can be deemed complete.

The schedule is showing a delivery date of August 4th.

1.4 Schedule Risk Assessment / Schedule Risk Analysis

The purpose of a schedule risk assessment / schedule risk analysis (for our purposes the terms are interchangeable) is to understand the potential effect of uncertainty on the schedule enabling us to commit to a project completion (or interim milestone delivery) date that we have an acceptable probability of being able to achieve.

The acceptable probability of success can vary by organization/client but is usually more than 50% and often set at 80%. This means we want to commit to a delivery date that we have an 80% chance of being able to achieve. It is usually cost prohibitive to aim for probabilities higher than 80-90% and too risky to aim for probabilities below 50%.

Tasks in the schedule have a duration. This duration estimate is our best assessment of how long the task will take. It should not include any padding. Most tasks have some uncertainty regarding exactly how long they will ultimately take. Full Monte allows us to capture that uncertainty as a range of estimates for each task.

Note: We do not need to capture a range of estimates for every task, just those on, or near, the critical path and those tasks that are deemed higher risk.

To model estimate uncertainty we capture three separate estimates:

- Most Likely Duration typically the duration from the schedule
- Optimistic (Best Case) Duration the minimum duration we expect the task to take
- Pessimistic (Worst Case) Duration the maximum duration we expect the task to take

These three estimates are often referred to as a three-point estimate.

For individual tasks, Full Monte allows the three estimates to be entered as either durations or percentages. Percentages estimates are calculated relative to the task duration.

Note: Full Monte actually uses the Remaining Duration from Microsoft Project. For a task that has not started this will be the same as the Duration entered for the task. Once a task has started (has an Actual Start and Percent Complete is greater than 0) the Remaining Duration will start to decrease so by using Remaining Duration Full Monte can automatically reduce the effect of remaining uncertainty.

For Example: If the schedule task duration is set to 4 weeks (20 working days) and the optimistic duration is set to 75% then this would represent a best-case duration of 3 weeks (75% of the 4-week task duration). Likewise, a pessimistic duration of 125% would represent a worst-case duration of 5 weeks (125% of the 4-week task duration).

Note: While individual task duration estimates can use either duration units or percentages (either 3weeks or 75% for the optimistic duration example above), duration estimates on summary tasks and Full Monte templates can only use percentages. This is because this information can be applied to many tasks with different task durations where allowing a specific optimistic/pessimistic duration would not make sense.

Along with the three-point estimate, Full Monte allows us to specify a Duration Distribution Type. This is a probability distribution curve that allows us to weight the chance of sampled durations used in the simulation being closer to the elements of the 3-point duration estimate. Full Monte supports the following distribution/curve types.

- None
- Beta
- LogNormal
- Normal
- Triangular
- Uniform

The choice of distribution curve is somewhat subjective and has been shown to be less important than the three-point duration estimates themselves. The Triangular distribution is often used as a default because it allows the distribution to be skewed (the optimistic/pessimistic duration estimates are not symmetrical around the most likely estimate). The beta distribution can also be skewed but reduces the chance of sampled durations being close to the optimistic/pessimistic durations compared to the Triangular.

1.5 Three-Point Estimate Guidance

Rather than laboriously assign individual three-point estimates and duration distribution types to each task in the schedule, Full Monte allows uncertainty to be pre-defined using templates. Four templates are included as standard although these can be changed or expanded by the user. The default duration uncertainty templates are:

Template Name	Distribution Type	Optimistic	Most Likely	Pessimistic
Default	Normal	90%	100%	110%
Low Risk	Triangular	90%	100%	115%
Medium Risk	Triangular	95%	100%	125%
High Risk	Triangular	95%	110%	150%

The **Default** template is automatically applied to all projects opened for the first time in Full Monte. While a symmetrical distribution may seem unrealistic, it is useful for assessing the impact of merge bias and potential changes to the critical path. User can modify the parameters of the default template.

The other three standard templates (Low Risk, Medium Risk, High Risk) are just suggestions for duration uncertainty values. Ideally the user will use the Full Monte **History** view (see the Full Monte User Guide for more information) to analyze past projects to see how actual durations ultimately compared to the initial baseline duration estimates and use this to guide selection of uncertainty parameters.

Chapter 2: Getting Started with Full Monte

2.1 Opening a Project in Full Monte

With a project open in Microsoft Project, select the Add-Ins menu and click the Full Monte dice icon on the menu.

H	5	- 7		Full M	vlonte Dem	onst	ration.mp	р-Р	Project P	
rile		Task	Resource	Report	Projec	t	View	Add	-Ins	
Full Ma SRA		Full №	Inspect Schedule		edule Insp	ector	Admini			
	Barbe	ecana F	ull Monte SRA"	м	B	arbec	cana Schedule Inspector			
		0	Task Name			Ŧ	Duration	1 -	Start	
0			₄ Full Mont	e Demo	nstratio	n	70 days	s	6/1/2	
1			▲ Sample	Project			70 days		6/1/20	
Figure 2.1			-						-	

2.2 Field Mappings

Full Monte stores user input data and results in Microsoft Project custom fields. The exact fields used by Full Monte can be specified by the user in the Field Mappings Dialog.

The initial, system default, mapping is shown in figure 2.3.

Data	MSP Field
Full Monte Input Data	Text30
Full Monte Results	Text29
Full Monte Results 2	Text28
Cost Histogram	(None)
Duration Histogram	(None)
Early Finish Histogram	(None)
Early Start Histogram	(None)
Finish Histogram	Text27
Free Slack Histogram	(None)
Late Finish Histogram	(None)
Late Start Histogram	(None)
Log Messages	Text26
Start Histogram	(None)
Total Slack Histogram	(None)

Figure 2.2

The default field mappings shown in Figure 2.2 use custom Text fields 26 through 30. Customers may change these defaults.

Note: Earlier versions of Full Monte used different default mappings. Full Monte now maps fewer fields by default and works backwards from Text30 to have less conflicts with existing user data.

If all the required custom fields are empty in the new project then, Full Monte will simply open the project and display the Task Edit dialog shown in Figure 2.7 however, customer projects may already

have some custom data in one or more of these fields. If this is the case, Full Monte will warn the user that the default mappings conflict with existing data as shown in Figure 2.3.

Warning		×
	This project is new to Full Monte and it looks as if one or more of the user fields which Full Monte is currently configured to use (Text30 on the task table) have data in them or are associated with a look-up table or formula. If you do not want this data overwritten, you should change the field mappings.	
	Would you like Full Monte to propose an alternative mapping that does not conflict with any existing data?	
	Click Yes if you would like Full Monte to propose an alternative mapping that ensures there will be no conflicts. You will still have the opportunity to edit the suggested mappings or to abort the whole process.	
	Click No if you would like to retain all existing mappings, but be aware that this may cause existing data to be overwritten, or even failure to update these fields if they are associated with a formula or lookup table.	
	Click Cancel to abort the whole process now.	
	Yes <u>N</u> o Cancel	

Figure 2.3

In Figure 2.3, we can see that Full Monte is warning that there is existing customer data in Text30. The default field mapping (Figure 2.2) shows that Full Monte is configured to store 'Full Monte Input Data' in Text30.

The dialog offers the choice to select 'Yes' to have Full Monte propose an alternate mapping that does not conflict with Text1. The user may also choose 'No' which will cause Full Monte to continue with the default mapping which will result in the existing data in Text1 being deleted and replaced by Full Monte data. You may also click 'Cancel' to abort the field mapping process and return to Microsoft Project to review what data is stored in Text1 before committing to a course of action.

It is entirely possible that there will be multiple conflicts. They will all be listed in the dialog.

If you select 'Yes' then an alternate mapping will be displayed as shown in Figure 2.4.

histogram and percentile information between invo	MSP Field
Full Monte Input Data	Text1
Full Monte Results	Text29
Full Monte Results 2	Text28
Cost Histogram	(None)
Duration Histogram	(None)
Early Finish Histogram	(None)
Early Start Histogram	(None)
Finish Histogram	Text27
Free Slack Histogram	(None)
Late Finish Histogram	(None)
Late Start Histogram	(None)
Log Messages	Text26
Start Histogram	(None)
Total Slack Histogram	(None)

Figure 2.4

In the example shown in Figure 2.4, Full Monte is now proposing to use Text1 for the Full Monte Input Data. Many customers reserve several custom fields for standard reporting purposes. In this case, you can manually modify the fields mappings to avoid using any reserved fields.

Note: The Full Monte field 'Full Monte Input Data' is the only field that must be mapped. All other fields can be set to (None) to reduce the number of custom text fields required. The only disadvantage of not mapping the standard fields is that they will not be available for reporting in Full Monte until a Risk Analysis has been performed in a new session. Full Monte uses these additional mapped fields to persist reporting data between sessions. It is not required and does not reduce the functionality of the product if these additional fields are not mapped. It is also possible to add additional Full Monte fields to the mapping as shown in Figure 2.5

isk Fields	Resource Fields					
)nly Full M etain histo	Ionte Input Data must be mapped. In addition, map gram and percentile information between invocatio	pping the histogram fields will ons of Full Monte.				
D	ata	MSP Field				
Ful	I Monte Input Data	Text30				
Fu	Full Monte Results					
Fu	I Monte Results 2	Text28				
Co	st Histogram	(None)				
Du	ration Histogram	(None)				
Ea	rly Finish Histogram	(None)				
Ea	rly Start Histogram	(None)				
Fin	ish Histogram	Text27				
Fre	e Slack Histogram	(None)				
Lat	te Finish Histogram	(None)				
Lat	te Start Histogram	(None)				
Lo	g Messages	(None)				
Sta	art Histogram	(None)				
To	tal Slack Histogram	(None)				
Fin	ish Expected Value	Finish1				
Fin	ish Percentile (80%)	Finish2				
Pe	rcent Active	Number3				
Pe	rcent Critical	Number1				
Ris	sk Path	Number2				
Sta	art Expected Value	Start 1				
▶ Sta	art Percentile (80%)	Start2				
*						
Reset this	tab to <u>S</u> ystem Default Values					
Reset this	tab to <u>U</u> ser Default Values	Make this the User Default				
<u>H</u> elp		OK Cancel				

Figure 2.5

In Figure 2.5 some additional Full Monte fields (Start Expected Value, Finish Expected Value, Start Percentile (80%), Finish Percentile (80%), Percent Critical, Percent Active, and Risk Path) have been added. These additional values can be used for custom reporting/review of Full Monte data in standard Microsoft Project views.

Clicking OK will apply the new mapping to the project.

Note: Check the 'Make this the User Default' option before clicking OK if you wish the proposed mapping to become the default for any new projects you open in Full Monte.

Full Monte will again verify that the new mappings are not using custom fields with existing data. If a conflict is found, then the message shown in Figure 2.6 is displayed.

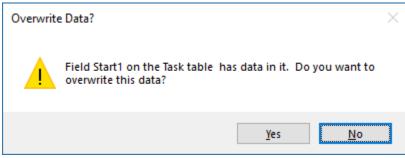


Figure 2.6

Select Yes to continue applying your chosen mapping (which in this example will delete any existing data in Start1) or select No to be returned to the Field Mapping dialog to make further changes.

Note: Because of the checks Full Monte makes when applying fields mappings, this may take some time on very large projects. Please be patient.

Note: The selected field mappings are stored in the Task 0 (Project Summary row) text field used for Full Monte Input Data. Provided the user saves the project after using Full Monte, the mappings will be retained and used automatically the next time the project is opened.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp	<u>R</u> isk Analysis	<u>G</u> raphs	<u>T</u> ornado	9	Search for Name or	ID	≥> Full Monte Demonstration	
ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram	Distribution Type: Triangul Distributions entered for summ	
)	E Full Monte Demonstrati	ior 76 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	are used as a default for lower-	evel tasks
1	Sample Project	76 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	and must be entered as perc	entages.
2	Initiate	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	Duration o	r Percent
3	Development	60 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	Optimistic: 0	75%
4	Hardware	60 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	Most likely: 0	100%
5	HW Design	20 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	Pessimistic:	125%
5	HW Part A	20 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	Confidence interval (%):	100%
7	HW Part B	19 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		
3	HW Integrate	20 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA	Correlation Existence	Branching
Ð	HW Complete	0	Triangular				NA		
0	Software	54 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		125%
1	SW Design	18 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		ĩ
2	SW Code A	18 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		
3	SW Code B	17 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		
14	SW Integrate	18 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		
15	SW Complete	0	Triangular				NA		\mathbf{A}
16	Integration	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		
17	Testing	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		
18	Marketing	15 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA		Changes
10	Market Analysia	0	(Nana)				MA	Y Help C	ancel

The Full Monte Task Edit window will be displayed as shown in figure 2.7

Figure 2.7

The data displayed may vary if you have previously modified the columns displayed in the Task Edit window. Columns can be added, removed or resized by right-clicking on the column headings in the view.

Uncertainty distribution data can be edited directly in the spreadsheet. Both uncertainty data and more advanced features such as correlation and branching can be edited in the edit panel to the right of the view.

Note: The edit panel can be hidden/displayed using the chevron button at the top left of the panel (to the right of the search control on the menu bar).

2.3 Task Hierarchy

By default, Full Monte displays the task hierarchy (summary tasks and tasks) as entered in Microsoft Project. The hierarchy can be switched off from the View menu. You may wish to turn off the hierarchy view if you wish to sort/group tasks based on other criteria such as a custom Text or Outline code.

It is often the case that uncertainty data (distribution type, optimistic, most likely, and pessimistic durations) will be the same for similar tasks contained within a single summary task. Full Monte allows uncertainty data to be specified at the summary task level and inherited by all the indented child tasks below the summary.

When a project is first opened in Full Monte, the highest-level summary task (the project summary task) is assigned duration uncertainty data from the Full Monte Default template. The standard Default template is set to apply a Normal Distribution with an Optimistic Duration of 90%, Most Likely Duration of 100%, and a Pessimistic Duration of 110%. This information is then inherited by all the lower level tasks.

Note: The Full Monte Demonstration project has the top-level uncertainty set to a Triangular Distribution Type with Optimistic Duration set to 75%, Most Likely Duration set to 100%, and Pessimistic Duration set to 125%. This is to exaggerate the effect of uncertainty for the purposes of demonstration. The customer can modify the default template (Edit, Manage Templates) to define their own initial values for uncertainty.

Revised uncertainty data can be entered at any level of the hierarchy and this will be inherited by lower level tasks unless those lower level tasks have been explicitly assigned different uncertainty values.

Using the demonstration project as an example, the uncertainty information for the Summary Tasks 'Hardware' and 'Software' has been explicitly changed from the information inherited from the project summary task. This revised information is then applied to their respective lower level tasks.

ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram
0	Full Monte Demonstration	70 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA
1	Sample Project	70 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA
2	Initiate	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA
3	Development	60 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA
4	Hardware	60 days	Normal	90%	100%	110%	NA
5	HW Task 1	20 days	Normal	90%	100%	110%	NA
6	HW Task 2	20 days	Normal	90%	100%	110%	NA
7	HW Task 3	20 days	Normal	90%	100%	110%	NA
8	HW Task 4	20 days	Normal	90%	100%	110%	NA
9	HW Complete	0	Normal				NA
10	Software	54 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA
11	SW Task 1	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA
12	SW Task 2	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA
13	SW Task 3	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA
14	SW Task 4	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA
15	SW Complete	0	Triangular				NA
16	Integration	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	NA

Figure 2.8

Now, when then project is opened in Full Monte, the initial settings for the project summary task will be Triangular 95%, 100%, 125% and all lower level tasks will initially inherit these settings.

If you do not wish to have any uncertainty data automatically applied, change the default template distribution type to None.

2.4 Entering Duration Uncertainty data

As mentioned in section 1.4, the task three point estimates can be either entered using duration or percentages. Percentage durations are calculated based on the original task duration.

The example shown in Figure 2.9 shows two 4 week tasks, one with the uncertainty data specified as a percentage of the original duration and the other using durations.

1	Percentage	4 wks	NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%
2	Duration	4 wks	NA	Triangular	3 wks	4 wks	5 wks	100%

Figure 2.9

The uncertainty information can be entered either directly into the spreadsheet or by using the edit panel. The edit panel shows the duration uncertainty data in both formats as shown in figure 2.10.

Percentage									
Distribution <u>Ty</u>	pe:	Triangul	ar	~					
Enter the distribution parameters either as absolute durations or as percentages of the deterministic remaining duration, which is 4 wks.									
	Durat	ion	or	Percent					
Optimistic:		3 wks	or	75%					
<u>M</u> ost likely:		4 wks	or	100%					
Pessimistic:	125%								
Confidence inte	erval (%):		100%					

Figure 2.10

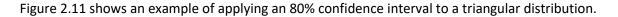
2.5 Confidence Interval

The Confidence Interval allows you to model the effect of caveats applied to the supplied distribution information.

Note: We recommend leaving the Duration Confidence Interval set to 100% unless there are compelling reasons to change it.

For example, if a subject matter export (SME) states they are 80% confident the duration will fall between 18 and 24 days then setting the confidence interval to 80% would take this into account.

Note: Be aware that this is effectively saying the SME expects 20% of results to be outside of these bounds. Since most distribution types decrease the probability of samples being selected close to the extreme optimistic/pessimistic ends of the distribution even an 80% confidence interval can greatly increase the possible range of sampled values.



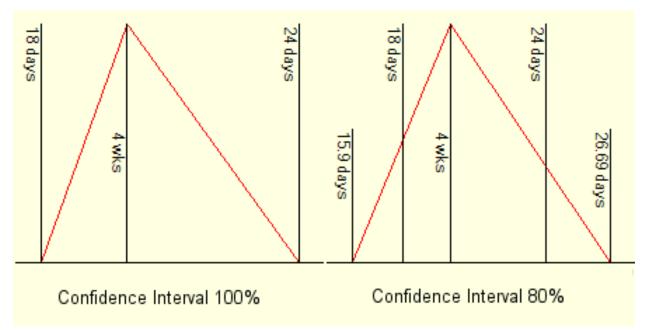


Figure 2.11

We can see that having the system model 20% of results as occurring outside the estimated range (18 to 24 days) increases the range of sampled durations from 6 days (18 to 24) to 10.79 (15.9 to 26.69) days. The effect would be even more pronounced with distribution types with long thin tails (Beta, LogNormal). It is therefore recommended that confidence interval is left at 100% and the estimator encouraged to provide as realistic best case/worst case estimates as possible without a caveat.

Note: If you are using distribution types with long thin tails (for example the Beta distribution), then slightly decreasing the confidence interval below 100% can be a way of ensuring that some samples are included from close to the extreme optimistic/pessimistic durations at the expense of the risk that some samples may be taken from outside of the specified range.

Chapter 3: Performing a Risk Analysis and Viewing Results

3.1 Running a Risk Analysis (Monte Carlo Simulation)

For this example, we will use the Full Monte Demonstration Project described in section 1.3. Open the project in Microsoft Project and then launch Full Monte as described in section 2.1.

The project has already been configured for Full Monte so the main Full Monte Task Edit view will open as shown in Figure 3.1.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> i	ew	<u>H</u> elp	<u>R</u> isk Ar	nalysis <u>C</u>	<u>à</u> raphs		9	Search for Nam	e or ID	<u>></u> >	Full Monte Der	monstration		
ID	1	ask	Name		Remaining Duration	Early Finish Histogram	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Duration Confidence Interval (%)		entered for s	umma	
D	🖯 Full M	onte l	Demonstra	tion	70 days	; NA						lower-level tas		gener	ally hav
1	🗆 Full	Monte	e 2017 Der	nonstrati	70 days	i NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	different durat	ions, paramet as percentage		e enter
2	Ini	tiate			5 days	i NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%		Duration	or	Perce
3	🖯 De	velop	oment		60 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	Optimistic:		or	7
4		Hardv	vare		60 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	Most likely:		or	100
5		HW	Task 1		20 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	Pessimistic:		or	125
6		HW	Task 2		20 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	Confidence int	erval (%):		10
7		HW	Task 3		20 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%				
8		HW	Task 4		20 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	Corre <u>l</u> ation	Existence	Br	anchin
9		HW	Complete		(NA NA	Triangular								
10		Softw	are		54 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	75%			125%
11		SW	Task 1		18 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%		$ / \rangle$		°`
12		SW	Task 2		18 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%		/	$\langle -$	
13		SW	Task 3		18 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%		100%	$\langle \rangle$	
14		SW	Task 4		18 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%		%		、
15		SW	Complete		(NA NA	Triangular								\setminus
16	🖯 Int	egrat	ion		5 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%				
17		ntegr	ation		5 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%			_	/
18	🖯 Ma	rketi	ng		15 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%		A		
19		Broch	ure Develo	opment	10 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%	Help		Car	icel
20		Broch	ure Printin	g	5 days	NA NA	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	100%				
21	De	liven	v		(NA NA	Triangular								

Figure 3.1

The uncertainty information for all tasks is being inherited from the top-level project summary task (highlighted in yellow). The inherited information has set all tasks to have duration uncertainty information using a Triangular distribution with an Optimistic duration of 75% (75% of the remaining duration loaded from Microsoft Project), Most Likely duration of 100% (100% of the remaining duration loaded from Microsoft Project) and a Pessimistic duration of 125% (125% of the remaining duration loaded from Microsoft Project).

Click the 'Risk Analysis' button on the Full Monte menu bar. The dialog shown in Figure 3.2 is displayed.

🛞 Risk Analysis	×
Number of Simulations: 10000	Full Backward Pass 🔽
Alv	ways Honor Constraints 🖂
Preferred Date/Duration Histogram Interval	Let Full Monte Decide \lor
Sched <u>u</u> le Sensitivity Target: 0 (Full Monte D	emonstration) 🗸 🗸
Cost Sensitivity Target: 0 (Full Monte D	emonstration) 🗸
<u>H</u> elp	OK Cancel

Figure 3.2

On a new project the number of simulations will default to 1000. Running a larger number of simulations improves the quality of the information provided by Full Monte. We recommend experimenting to find the largest number of simulations that you can perform in a reasonable amount of time on your project. The demonstration project is set to run 10,000 simulations which will just a few seconds on such a small project.

Risk Analysis results improve with more simulations. For new projects, the option 'Full Backward Pass' will be disabled. This reduces the time taken for each simulation by not calculating Late Dates and Slack(Float). If it is necessary to report this information then the option can be enabled. Since most risk reporting is based on Early Dates (Start Expected/Finish Expected) or percentiles of these values (e.g. Finish Percentile 80%) the absence of Late and Slack/Float information is not usually a concern.

Microsoft Project has a feature on the Options, Schedule tab called 'Task will always honor their constraint dates'. If this feature is enabled (checked) Microsoft Project will honor constraints that prevent dates moving into the future during analysis. These constraints include Finish No Later Than, Start No Later Than, Must Finish On, Must Start On. Using such constraints is a poor practice because it can create misleading information (giving the impression a date is achievable when it is not). If the option is set in Microsoft Project, then Full Monte will show the option checked on the dialog above. However, it can be disabled in Full Monte to improve the realism of the results.

Use the 'Preferred Date/Duration Histogram Interval' to request a specific scale for histograms produced by the simulation. The default 'Let Full Monte Decide' will scale each histogram per the range of data in the chart. Forcing all charts, for example, to 'Day' may make it easier to compare charts from various tasks. If the selected scale cannot be realistically applied to a specific chart (for example the user selected 'Hours' but the data in the chart spans several months) then Full Monte will use an appropriate scale

The 'Schedule Sensitivity Target' and 'Cost Sensitivity Target' allow the user to select intermediate milestones as the focus for sensitivity and risk path analysis. This can be useful on long programs where the next major milestone is more important that then ultimate project completion.

Click OK to start the Monte Carlo simulation process.

Note: Most analysis will take less than 1 minute. If the progress bar is indicating an unacceptable length of time press Escape or click Cancel to abort the simulation. Reduce the number of simulations and try again.

When the simulation is complete, Full Monte may display the message shown in Figure 3.3.

Log Mess	ages	×
	There are messages on the message log. Do you want to see the log now?	
	Yes <u>N</u> o]

Figure 3.3

This is a warning that Full Monte encountered data that may cause anomalous results. Click yes to see the issues.

After the simulation completes without log issues, or you close the log messages if displayed, the Task Edit dialog will update to show results. The screenshot shown in Figure 3.4 is the default configuration. The user may add/remove columns as described in the User Guide.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp <u>I</u>	<u>R</u> isk Analysis	<u>G</u> raphs	<u>T</u> ornado	9	Search for Name or	ID	Eull Monte Demonstration
ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram	Distribution <u>Type</u> : Triangular Distributions entered for summary task
D	E Full Monte Demonstratio	r 76 days					Graph	are used as a default for lower-level tas
	Sample Project	76 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	and must be entered as percentages.
2	Initiate	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	Duration or Perce
}	Development	60 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	Optimistic: or 7
ļ.	🕀 Hardware	60 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	Most likely: or 10
i	HW Design	20 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	Pessimistic: or 12
6	HW Part A	20 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	Confidence interval (%): 10
7	HW Part B	19 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	
3	HW Integrate	20 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	Correlation Existence Branchin
)	HW Complete	0	Triangular				Graph	
0	Software	54 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	75%
1	SW Design	18 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	
2	SW Code A	18 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	
3	SW Code B	17 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	
14	SW Integrate	18 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	
15	SW Complete	0	Triangular				Graph	
16	Integration	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	
17	Testing	5 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	
18	Marketing	15 days	Triangular	75%	100%	125%	Graph	Apply Change
10	Market Analysis	0	(Nono)				7/10/22 9-0044	M Y Help Cancel

Figure 3.4

In the example shown in Figure 3.4 the 'Early Finish Histogram' column has updated to show there are graphs available to view. If a task finish has no uncertainty, then the graph button will be replaced by the deterministic date the task will finish.

3.2 Viewing Results

Clicking on the Graph button for the top-level task (ID 0) will produce a chart like that shown in Figure 3.5. The results may not be identical to the example shown since the simulations are based on random samples which will typically be slightly different for each simulation.

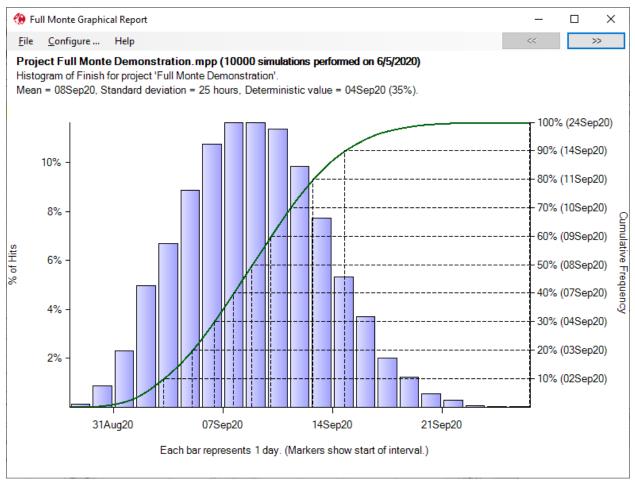


Figure 3.5

The chart title information includes the mean finish date for the task, the standard deviation (a measure of the range of uncertainty for the result), the deterministic date calculated by Microsoft Project and the chance of achieving that deterministic date based on the uncertainty data. In this example, we see the software is predicting only a 35% chance of achieving the project finish date of 4Sep20. Since we applied symmetrical uncertainty to all tasks (±25%) we might have expected a 50% chance of achieving the date suggested by Microsoft Project. Unfortunately, once we take into account uncertainty and the impact of Merge Bias, we can see that the date suggested by Microsoft Project is unrealistic and not likely to be achievable.

The histogram bars show the chance of a task finishing on a specific date (based on the X-Axis date scale). Hover the mouse over a specific bar to see the relevant data.

We are usually not all that interested on the probability of finishing **on** a specific day. Of more interest is the chance of finishing **by** a specific date. This is read from the right Y-Axis.

In the example in Figure 3.5 we can see that we have an 80% chance of completing the project by 11Sep20. The frequency of Y-Axis markings can be changed on the Chart Configure... menu as shown in Figure 3.6.

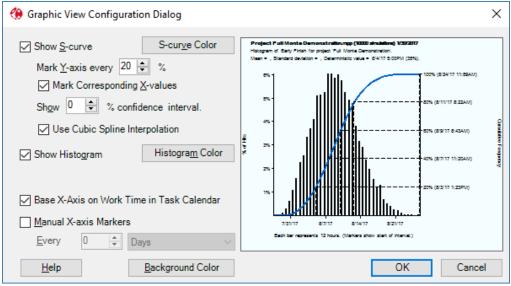


Figure 3.6

Clicking the 'Graphs' button on the Full Monte menu will display a view containing more available charts as shown in Figure 3.7.

<u>F</u> ile	e <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp	Risk Analy	ysis				Search for Na	ame or ID		≥>	Active %	100%	Help
ID	Task Name 🔺	Cost Histogram	Duration Histogram	Early Start Histogram	Early Finish Histogram	Late Start Histogram	Late Finish Histogram	Free Slack Histogram	Total Slack Histogram	^	Critical % Merge Delay	100%	noip
D	Full Monte Demonstration	Graph	Graph	5/1/17 8:00AM	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	0			Expected	Histoqram
1	E Full Monte 2017 Demon	Graph	Graph	5/1/17 8:00AM	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	0		Duration	71.36 days	Graph
21	Delivery	\$0	0	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	0		Early Start	5/1/17 8:00AM	Graph
3	Development	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Late Start	5/1/17 8:15AM	Graph
4	😑 Hardware	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Early Finish	8/8/17 10:55AM	Graph
9	HW Complete	\$0	0	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph			8/8/17 10:55AM	Graph
5	HW Task 1	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	Graph		Total Float	0	Graph
6	HW Task 2	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Free Float	0	Graph
7	HW Task 3	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Cost	\$74,140	Graph
B	HW Task 4	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	Graph			Joint Confidence	
10	Software	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph			Com Comacilia	, Level 1 lot
15	SW Complete	\$0	0	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Schedule S Project)	ensitivity (Early F	inish of
11	SW Task 1	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	Graph			Sensitivity	Criticality
12	SW Task 2	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph			NA	0%
13	SW Task 3	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Optimistic		NA
14	SW Task 4	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	Graph		Pessimistic		NA
2	Initiate	Graph	Graph	5/1/17 8:00AM	Graph	Graph	Graph	0	Graph	17			
16	Integration	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Cost Sensi	tivity (Cost of Proj	ect)
17	Integration	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph	Graph		Optimistic		NA

Figure 3.7

The columns include in the view can be modified by the user (right click a column heading for options). The optional pane to the right of the view displays detail information for the task selected in the spreadsheet.

See the User Guide for further information on configuring views in Full Monte.

Chapter 4: Using Templates to apply Task Uncertainty

4.1 Defining Template Uncertainty

We learned in section 1.5 that Full Monte allows uncertainty templates to be defined. This is useful because it is unusual and time consuming to derive detailed Three-Point estimates for every task in a schedule. It is more likely that most tasks will have similar uncertainty, perhaps defined by discipline, with detailed three-point assessments reserved for identified high risk tasks.

Templates are defined from the main Task Edit window from the 'Edit, Manage Templates' menu option. This displays the dialog shown in Figure 4.1.

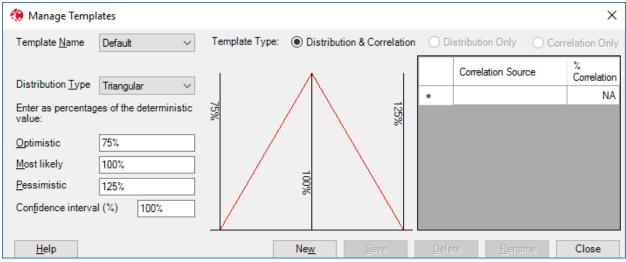


Figure 4.1

Full details regarding configuring templates is available in the user Guide. Click the New button to create a new template or edit existing templates and click Save to apply the changes.

We can apply templates in two ways:

- 1. By selecting tasks in the Task Edit window and applying a template.
- 2. By applying templates based on a custom field in Microsoft Project.

4.2 Applying Template Uncertainty by Selecting Tasks

Using the Demonstration Project, we will first remove the initial generic uncertainty and update the project with more realistic uncertainty data using templates.

To remove the generic uncertainty simply change the top-level project summary task Duration Distribution Type to (None). Press Tab or click away from the cell to apply the change. The task Edit window should look as shown in Figure 4.2.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp	<u>R</u> isk Analysis <u>G</u>	raphs		Search for	Name or ID		<u>></u> >	Full Monte Der	monstrati	on	
ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram		Distribution <u>Ty</u> Distributions are not used	entered		
0	E Full Monte Demonstratio	on 70 days	(None)				Graph		lower-level tas	ks. As t	hese gen	erally hav
1	Sample Project	70 days	(None)				Graph		different d enter		rcentage:	
2	Initiate	5 days	(None)				Graph			Duration	וס ר	Percen
3	Development	60 days	(None)				Graph		Optimistic:		or	90
4	Hardware	60 days	(None)				Graph		<u>M</u> ost likely:		or	100
5	HW Task 1	20 days	(None)				Graph		Pessimistic:		or	110
6	HW Task 2	20 days	(None)				Graph		Confidence int	erval (%):	100
7	HW Task 3	20 days	(None)				Graph		Constation	Tuinte)Ki
B	HW Task 4	20 days	(None)				Graph		Correlation	E <u>x</u> iste	nce i	Branching
9	HW Complete	0	(None)				Graph					
10	Software	54 days	(None)				Graph					
11	SW Task 1	18 days	(None)				Graph					
12	SW Task 2	18 days	(None)				Graph					
13	SW Task 3	18 days	(None)				Graph					
14	SW Task 4	18 days	(None)				Graph					
15	SW Complete	0	(None)				Graph					
16	Integration	5 days	(None)				Graph					
17	Integration	5 days	(None)				Graph				Apply	Changes
18	Marketing	15 days	(None)				Graph		Help			ancel
19	Brochure Develop	oment 10 days	(None)				Graph		пер		U.	ancei
20	Brochure Printing	5 days	(None)				Graph					
21	Delivery	0	(None)				Graph					

If some tasks still show duration uncertainty data, this means they are not inheriting from the top level. This can be resolved by selecting one or more of the affected tasks, right clicking on a selected task, and choose 'Inherit Distribution' as shown in Figure 4.3.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u>	elp <u>R</u> isk A	nalysis <u>G</u> r	aphs		Search for	Name or ID		≥>	HW Task 4			
ID 🔺	Task Nam	e	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram		Distribution <u>T</u>		ngular ameters	either a
0	E Full Monte Dem	onstration	70 days	(None)				Graph		absolute dur the determi	ations or as	percer	itages of
l	😑 Sample Proje	ct	70 days	(None)				Graph			hich is 20 o		
2	Initiate		5 days	(None)				Graph			Duration	or	Perce
3	Developme	nt	60 days	(None)				Graph		Optimistic:	18 di	ays or	90
4	😑 Hardware)	60 days	(None)				Graph		Most likely:	20 d	ays or	100
5	HW Tas	sk 1	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	110%	Graph		Pessimistic:	22 d	ays or	110
6	HW Ta	Apply Templ	ate 🕨	Triangular	90%	100%	110%	Graph		Confidence int	erval (%):		100
7	HW Ta	Inherit Distrik		iiangular	90%	100%	110%	Graph		0.15	F 1 4		
3	HW Ta	Inherit Corre		iiangular	90%	100%	110%	Graph		Correlation	Existence	e <u>t</u>	ganching
Э	HW Co			None)				Graph			٨		N
10	Software		54 days	(None)				Graph		18 days	- 71		22 days
11	SW Tas	sk 1	18 days	(None)				Graph		ys.		$\langle - \rangle$	š
12	SW Tas	sk 2	18 days	(None)				Graph				$\langle \cdot \rangle$	
13	SW Tas	sk 3	18 days	(None)				Graph			20 days	\sim	
14	SW Tas	sk 4	18 days	(None)				Graph			lays		\setminus
15	SW Cor	mplete	0	(None)				Graph					
16	Integration		5 days	(None)				Graph					\sim
17	Integratio	n	5 days	(None)				Graph			_	A . I	
18	Marketing		15 days	(None)				Graph					Changes
19	Brochure	Development	10 days	(None)				Graph		Help			ncel
20	Brochure	Printing	5 days	(None)				Graph					
21	Delivery		0	(None)				Graph					

After applying the Inherit Distribution option the windows should again appear as per Figure 4.2.

For our example, we will set all the Hardware tasks duration uncertainty using the 'Low Risk' template and the Software Tasks duration uncertainty using the 'High Risk' template.

Select the four HW Tasks (ID's 5-8) using normal Windows techniques like Click, Shift-Click, or Ctrl-Click and then Right-Click on a selected task and choose Apply Template, Low Risk as shown in Figure 4.4.

File	Edit Viev	v Help	Risk A	nalysis	Graph	ıs			Sea	rch for l	Name or ID		>>	HW Task 4				
ID 🔺	Ta	sk Name		Remaini Duratio		Duratior Distributio Type		Duration Optimistic		ation Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram		Distribution Ty Enter the dist		(None)	eters (either as
D	😑 Full Mon	te Demonstra	ition	70 da	ays (N	one)						NA		absolute dur the determ	ations	or as pe	rcent	ages of
1	😑 Sampl	e Project		70 da	ays (N	one)						NA				s 20 days		duon,
2	Initia	te		5 da	ays (N	one)						NA			Durat	tion	or	Percer
3	E Deve	lopment		60 da	ays (N	one)						NA		Optimistic:		18 days	ог	90
ļ.	🖯 Ha	rdware		60 da	ays (N	one)						NA		Most likely:		20 days	or	100
5		HW Task 1			ays (N	one)						NA		Pessimistic:		22 days	or	110
6	I	HW Task 2		ply Temp		\ }	F	Text Field				NA		Confidence int	erval ((%):		100
7	I	HW Task 3		erit Distri			From	i lext Fleid	•			NA						
3		HW Task 4		erit Corre			Defa					NA		Correlation	Exis	stence	Br	anching
9		HW Complete				,	High					NA						
10	🗆 So	ftware		54 da	ays (N	one)	Low					NA						
11		SW Task 1		18 da	ays (N	one)	Med	ium Risk				NA						
12		SW Task 2		18 da	ays (N	one)						NA						
13		SW Task 3		18 da	ays (N	one)						NA						
14		SW Task 4		18 da	ays (N	one)						NA						
15		SW Complete			0 (N	one)						NA						
16	🖯 Integ	ration		5 da	ays (N	one)						NA						
17	Int	egration		5 da	ays (N	one)						NA						
18	😑 Mark	eting		15 da	ays (N	one)						NA				Ap		hanges
19	Br	ochure Devel	opment	10 da	ays (N	one)						NA		Help			Can	icel
20	Br	ochure Printin	ıg	5 da	ays (N	one)						NA						
21	Deli	very			0 (N	one)						NA						

After selecting the 'Low Risk' template the dialog shown in Figure 4.5 is displayed.

🛞 Apply Template Confirm	×
4 of the selected tasks will be explicitly set.	
0 of the selected tasks will inherit from these.	Set all tasks explicitly
0 tasks cannot accept the distribution because they are foreign, have zero durations or are summary tasks which do not comply with the filter.	
0 tasks cannot accept an update of just the distribution.	Update <u>d</u> istributions only
0 tasks cannot accept an update of just the correlations.	Update correlations only
Don't show this dialog again in this session. (Use Control key to get it back.)	
<u>H</u> elp	OK Cancel



The Apply Template Confirmation dialog confirms what is about to happen. In the example shown in Figure 4.5 it confirms 4 tasks will be updated. None of the tasks are summary tasks so no lower level tasks will be affected. For more information regarding the settings please see the User Guide. Click OK to execute the template application. The Task Edit window will refresh as shown in Figure 4.6.

File	Edit View Help Risk	Analysis G	raphs		Search for	Name or ID		>>	HW Task 4			
ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram		Distribution Ty Enter the dist		gular meters	either as
D	Full Monte Demonstration	70 days	(None)				NA		absolute dur		percen	tages of
1	Sample Project	70 days	(None)				NA			/hich is 20 d		ration,
2	Initiate	5 days	(None)				NA			Duration	or	Percer
3	Development	60 days	(None)				NA		Optimistic:	18 da	ys or	90
	Hardware	60 days	(None)				NA		Most likely:	20 da	ys or	100
j	HW Task 1	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Pessimistic:	23 da	ys or	115
	HW Task 2	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Confidence int			100
7	HW Task 3	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA					
}	HW Task 4	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Correlation	Existence	e B	ranching
)	HW Complete	0	(None)				NA			٨		ادم
0	Software	54 days	(None)				NA		18 days			23 days
1	SW Task 1	18 days	(None)				NA		N.	$/ \setminus$		lys
2	SW Task 2	18 days	(None)				NA				<hr/>	
13	SW Task 3	18 days	(None)				NA			28	\mathbf{X}	
14	SW Task 4	18 days	(None)				NA			20 days	\sim	
15	SW Complete	0	(None)				NA					\setminus
16	Integration	5 days	(None)				NA					\sim
17	Integration	5 days	(None)				NA			_		N
8	Marketing	15 days	(None)				NA					Changes
19	Brochure Development	10 days	(None)				NA		Help		Ca	ncel
20	Brochure Printing	5 days	(None)				NA					
21	Delivery	0	(None)				NA					

The Task Edit dialog shown in Figure 2.26 confirms that the expected 'Low Risk' duration uncertainty information has been applied to the selected tasks from the template.

Repeat the process for the SW Tasks using the 'High Risk' Template. The result is shown in Figure 4.7.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp <u>R</u> isk A	nalysis <u>G</u>	raphs		Search for I	Name or ID		<u>></u> >	SW Task 4				
ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram		Distribution <u>T</u>		Triangu		either as
0	E Full Monte Demonstration	70 days	(None)				NA		absolute dur the determ	ations o	or as pe	rcent	ages of
1	Sample Project	70 days	(None)				NA		W	hich is	18 day	s.	auon,
2	Initiate	5 days	(None)				NA			Durati	on	or	Percent
3	Development	60 days	(None)				NA		Optimistic:	17	.1 days	or	95
4	Hardware	60 days	(None)				NA		Most likely:	19	.8 days	or	110
5	HW Task 1	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Pessimistic:	2	27 days	or	150
6	HW Task 2	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		- Confidence int	terval (?	%):		100
7	HW Task 3	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA				·		
В	HW Task 4	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Correlation	Exist	ience	Br	anching
9	HW Complete	0	(None)				NA						
10	Software	54 days	(None)				NA			\backslash			27 days
11	SW Task 1	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA		17.1 days	\sim			l)ys
12	SW Task 2	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA		Ĩ / I		\backslash		
13	SW Task 3	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA				\sim		
14	SW Task 4	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA		19.8 days		Ì	\backslash	
15	SW Complete	0	(None)				NA		<u>ت</u>			\sim	
16	Integration	5 days	(None)				NA						\mathbf{X}
17	Integration	5 days	(None)				NA		_/		_		
18	Marketing	15 days	(None)				NA				Ar		hanges
19	Brochure Development	10 days	(None)				NA		Help			Car	icel
20	Brochure Printing	5 days	(None)				NA						
21	Delivery	0	(None)				NA						

4.3 Applying Template Uncertainty using Custom Fields

While the technique shown in section 4.2 (applying a template to selected tasks) is quick and easy where there are relatively few groups of tasks using just a few templates, another technique that works well with many templates and facilitates group discussion regarding appropriate templates to use, is applying templates based on Microsoft Project custom fields.

Using the Full Monte Demonstration project insert a column in the Microsoft Project task columns to display field Text20 (Assessment 1). This is a custom text field where we can store user information. In the example shown in Figure 4.8 we can see we have populated the HW Tasks and SW Tasks with the text 'Low Risk' and 'High Risk'. The user text in the column must match exactly the spelling of valid Template names defined in Full Monte.

E	5	- 0	~ ~	Full M	lonte Demonst	ration.mpp -	Project Pro	ofessional		Gantt Chart	Tools		
Fi	le	Task	Resource	Report	Project	View Add	d-Ins	Developer	Help	Forma	t	Q	Tell me
Full	() Monte RA™ Barb	:	Monte Administr Full Monte SRA™		Inspect Schedule	edule Inspecto							
		0	Task Name		.	Duration 💂	Assessn	nent 1 🚽	Start	Ŧ	Finish		-
	0		▲ Full Monte	e Demor	stration	70 days			6/1/20	8:00 AM	9/4/2	0 5:0	0 PM
	1		▲ Sample F	Project		70 days			6/1/20 8	MA 00:	9/4/20	5:00	РМ
	2		Initiat	e		5 days			6/1/20 8	MA 00:	6/5/20	5:00	PM
	3		4 Devel	opment		60 days			6/8/20 8	MA 00:	8/28/2	0 5:0	0 PM
	4		⊿ Har	dware		60 days			6/8/20 8	MA 00:	8/28/2	0 5:0	0 PM
	5		ŀ	HW Task 1	L	20 days		Low Risk	6/8/20 8	MA 00:	7/3/20	5:00	PM
	6		H	HW Task 2	2	20 days		Low Risk	7/6/20 8	MA 00:	7/31/2	0 5:0	0 PM
()	7		H	HW Task 3	}	20 days		Low Risk	7/6/20 8	MA 00:	7/31/2	0 5:0	0 PM
Т (P	8		H	HW Task 4	Ļ	20 days		Low Risk	8/3/20 8	MA 00:	8/28/2	0 5:0	0 PM
INT	9		H	HW Comp	lete	0 days			8/28/20	5:00 PM	8/28/2	0 5:0	0 PM
0 G/	10		⊿ Sof	tware		54 days			6/8/20 8	MA 00:	8/20/2	0 5:0	0 PM
STE	11		S	SW Task 1		18 days		High Risk	6/8/20 8	MA 00:	7/1/20	5:00	PM
RISK ADJUSTED GANTT (P80)	12		S	SW Task 2		18 days		High Risk	7/2/20 8	MA 00:	7/27/2	0 5:0	0 PM
SKA	13		S	SW Task 3		18 days		High Risk	7/2/20 8	MA 00:	7/27/2	0 5:0	0 PM
TE RIS	14		S	SW Task 4		18 days		High Risk	7/28/20	8:00 AM	8/20/2	0 5:0	0 PM

One way to ensure the text entered into the custom field is spelled correctly is to specify a Lookup table for the relevant field as shown in Figure 4.9.

Custom Fields		May 21, '17 Jun 4, '17 M S T T								
Eield										
Task O Resource	Project Type: Text	~								
Field	Edit Lookup Table for Assessment 1		×							
Assessment 1 (Text20) Text21	_ Loo <u>k</u> up table									
Text22										
Text23	👗 🗈 📩 🛃									
Text24	Row Value	Description								
Text25	1 Low Risk	(High Confidence)								
Text26	2 Medium Risk	(Medium Confidence)								
Rename Delete	3 High Risk	(Low Confidence)								
Custom attributes										
🔿 None 💿 🛛 Lookup			Move							
Calculation for task and group sum	·		-							
None ORollup:										
Calculation for assignment rows										
None Roll down unless m			~							
Values to display	Display indenting in lookup table									
Data Graphical Indica	Use a value from the table as the default entry for the field									
	Set Default (Click button after selecting a value above)									
Help	+ Dis <u>p</u> lay order for lookup table									
	+ Data entry options									
00 PM 8/4/17 5:00 PM 1										
	Help	Import Lookup Table	Close							

Note: The value descriptions reflect the fact that some customers prefer to assign duration uncertainty based on their confidence in the original task duration estimates. High Risk = Low Confidence in the estimate.

User can then simply choose an appropriate template from the drop-down list as shown in Figure 4.10.

		· ·			
0	Task Name 👻	Duration 👻	Assessment 1 🗸	Start 👻	Finish
	Full Monte Demonstration	70 days		5/1/17 8:00 AM	8/4/17
	Full Monte 2017	70 days		5/1/17 8:00 AM	8/4/17 5
	Initiate	5 days		5/1/17 8:00 AM	5/5/17 5:
	▲ Development	60 days		5/8/17 8:00 AM	7/28/17
	▲ Hardware	60 days		5/8/17 8:00 AM	7/28/17
	HW Task 1	20 days	Low Risk 🗸 🗸	5/8/17 8:00 AM	6/2/17 5:
	HW Task 2	20 days	Low Risk (High C		6/30/17
	HW Task 3	20 days	Medium Risk (M High Risk (Low C		6/30/17
	HW Task 4	20 days		7/5/17 8.00 AIVI	7/28/17
	HW Complete	0 days		7/28/17 5:00 PM	7/28/17

Once the required tasks have been updated in Microsoft Project, launch Full Monte.

Ensure that all tasks have their Duration Distribution Type set to (None) as previously shown in Figure 4.2.

Select all tasks (using either Edit, Select All, Ctrl+A, or Click Shift-Click) and then right-click on a selected task and choose Apply Template, From Text Field, Assessment 1 (Text20) as shown in Figure 4.11.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew	<u>H</u> elp	Risk A	nalysis	Grap	phs			Search for Name or ID					
ID 🔺		Task	Name	Remaining Duration			Dis	uration tribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Finish Histogram				
0	🖯 Fu	II Monte I	Demons	tration	70 da	ays (1	None					NĄ			
1	Sample Project				70 da	ays (l	None	e)		Assessmen	it 1 (Text20)				
2	Initiate				e	0	NI	-)							
3	E	Develop	oment	Apply Ter	mplate		•	From Text F	ield 🕨	Text10					
4		🖯 Hardı		Inherit Distribution				Default		Text11					
5			Task 1	Inherit Co	orrelation	tions High Risk				Text12					
6			/Task 2		20 da	ays (1	Non	-		Text13					
7			/Task 3			ays (1	_		k	Text14					
·						-			i.	Text15					
8	HW Task 4				20 da		(None)			Text16					
9	HW Complete			ete		0 (1	None	e)							
10		Softw	are		54 da	ays (l	None	e)		Text17					
11		SW	Task 1		18 da	avs ()	None	e)		Text18					

Hull Monte Demonstration.mpp - Full Monte View: Task Edit (Customized)

Figure 4.11

Full Monte will confirm what will happen as shown in Figure 4.12.

Apply Template Confirm	×
8 of the selected tasks will be explicitly set.	
0 of the selected tasks will inherit from these.	Set all tasks explicitly
0 tasks cannot accept the distribution because they are foreign, have zero durations or are summary tasks which do not comply with the filter.	
0 tasks cannot accept an update of just the distribution.	Update <u>d</u> istributions only
0 tasks cannot accept an update of just the correlations.	Update correlations only
Don't show this dialog again in this session. (Use Control key to get it back.)	
<u>H</u> elp	OK Cancel

Figure 4.12

In this case, we can see that 8 tasks will have their duration uncertainty data updated. Click OK to apply the templates. The result will be displayed as shown in Figure 4.13.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp <u>R</u> isk A	nalysis <u>G</u> r	raphs Search for Name or ID					<u>></u> >	Full Monte Dem	onstratio	n	
ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram		Distribution <u>Typ</u> Distributions	entered fo		
0	E Full Monte Demonstration	70 days					NA		are not used o lower-level task	cs. As the	ese gene	rally have
1	Sample Project	70 days	(None)				NA		different du entere	rations, p d as perc	aramete entages	rs are
2	Initiate	5 days	(None)				NA			Duration	or	
3	Development	60 days	(None)				NA		Optimistic:		or	90%
4	Hardware	60 days	(None)				NA		Most likely:		or	100%
5	HW Task 1	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Pessimistic:		or	110%
6	HW Task 2	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Confidence inte		100%	
7	HW Task 3	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA					
8	HW Task 4	20 days	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	NA		Correlation	Existen	ce <u>E</u>	ranching
9	HW Complete	0	(None)				NA					
10	Software	54 days	(None)				NA					
11	SW Task 1	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA					
12	SW Task 2	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA					
13	SW Task 3	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA					
14	SW Task 4	18 days	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	NA					
15	SW Complete	0	(None)				NA					
16	Integration	5 days	(None)				NA					
17	Integration	5 days	(None)				NA					
18	Marketing	15 days	(None)				NA					Changes
19	Brochure Development	10 days	(None)				NA		Help		Ca	incel
20	Brochure Printing	5 days	(None)				NA					
21	Delivery	0	(None)				NA					

Figure 4.13

Note: If the custom field was blank (empty) for a specific task in Microsoft Project then no action is performed on that task when you apply templates from that field. This allows you to update some tasks in directly in Full Monte and other can be maintained in Microsoft Project. If you wish to allow updates to the custom field to clear existing uncertainty in Full Monte, then you can define a null template as shown in Figure 4.14 and add that to the Lookup table in Project.

🛞 Manage Temp	lates						×
Template <u>N</u> ame	None	Template Type:	Distribution & Correlation		istribution Only	⊖ Corr	elation Only
Distribution Type	(None) V				Correlation Sou	rce	% Correlation
	· · ·			**			NA
Enter as percentag value:	ges of the deterministic						
<u>O</u> ptimistic	90%						
<u>M</u> ost likely	100%						
<u>P</u> essimistic	110%						
Confidence interva	al (%) 100%						
<u>H</u> elp			Ne <u>w</u> <u>S</u> ave	<u>D</u> ele	ste <u>R</u> ena	me	Cancel

Figure 4.14

We can now proceed to run the Risk Analysis on our customized uncertainty data.

4.4 Running an Analysis based on Template Data

Click the Risk Analysis button on the Full Monte menu and select the options shown in Figure 4.15.

🛞 Risk Analysis			×
Number of Simulations: 100	00	Full Backward Pass	
	Alv	ways Honor Constraints	
Preferred Date/Duration Histo	ogram Interval	Day	\sim
Sched <u>u</u> le Sensitivity Target:	0 (Full Monte D	emonstration)	\sim
Cost Sensitivity Target:	0 (Full Monte D	emonstration)	\sim
<u>H</u> elp		OK Cano	el

Figure 4.15

When ready click OK.

The Task Edit window will update as shown in Figure 4.16.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>H</u> elp <u>R</u> isk	Analysis	<u>G</u> raphs			Search for	Name or ID		<u>></u> >	Full Monte Der	monstra	tion		
ID 🔺	Task	Name	Remainir Duration	ng Dis	uration tribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogram		Distribution <u>Ty</u> Distributions	entered			
0	E Full Monte I	Demonstration	70 da	<mark>iys</mark> (None	e)				Graph		are not used lower-level tas	ks. As	these g	enera	ally have
1	🖯 Sample P	roject	70 da	iys <mark>(Non</mark> e	e)				Graph		different d enter	urations ed as p			are
2	Initiate		5 da	iys <mark>(Non</mark> e	e)				05Jun20			Duratio	on	or	Percent
3	🖯 Develop	oment	60 da	iys <mark>(None</mark>	e)				Graph		Optimistic:			or	90°
4	🖯 Hardv	vare	60 da	iys <mark>(None</mark>	e)				Graph		Most likely:			or	100°
5	HW	Task 1	20 da	ys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		Pessimistic:			or	110%
6	HW	Task 2	20 da	iys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		Confidence interval (%):				100%
7	HW	Task 3	20 da	iys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		_				
8	HW	Task 4	20 da	iys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		Correlation	Exist	ence	Bra	anching
9	HW	Complete		0 (None	e)				Graph						
10	⊟ Softw	are	54 da	iys <mark>(None</mark>	e)				Graph						
11	SW	Task 1	18 da	iys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	95%	110%	150%	Graph						
12	SW	Task 2	18 da	iys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	95%	110%	150%	Graph						
13	SW	Task 3	18 da	ys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	95%	110%	150%	Graph						
14	SW	Task 4	18 da	ys <mark>Trian</mark>	gular	95%	110%	150%	Graph						
15	SW	Complete		0 (None	e)				Graph						
16	🖯 Integrat	ion	5 da	iys <mark>(Non</mark> e	e)				Graph						
17	Integr	ation	5 da	iys <mark>(Non</mark> e	e)				Graph						
18	🖯 Marketi	ng	15 da	iys <mark>(Non</mark> e	e)				28Aug20				Ap		hanges
19	Broch	ure Developmen	t 10 da	iys <mark>(Non</mark> e	e)				21Aug20		Help				cel
20	Broch	ure Printing	5 da	iys <mark>(Non</mark> e	e)				28Aug20						
21	Deliver	/		0 (None	e)				Graph						

Note: The task Initiate (ID 2) has no graph button. As mentioned earlier this is because there is no uncertainty associated with the finish of that task because the Duration Distribution Type for that task is (None) and because it has no predecessors with uncertainty.

Clicking the Graph button on the top-level summary task will display something like the chart in Figure 4.17.

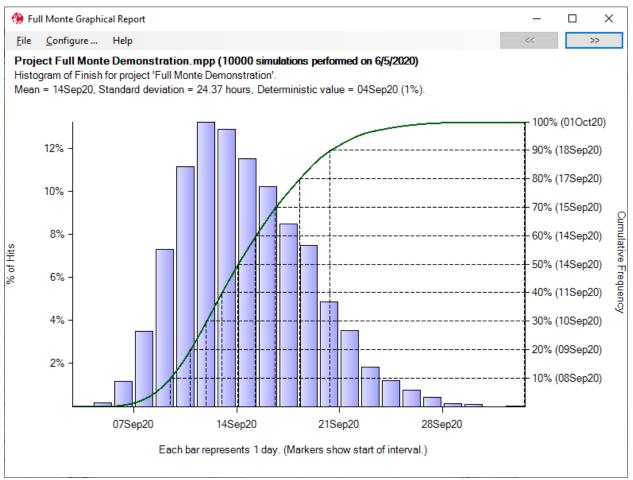


Figure 4.17

Compare the chart in 4.17 to the chart shown in Figure 3.5. The chance of completing the project by the deterministic date of 4Sep20 has dropped from 35% to just 1%! Even though we removed uncertainty from some tasks, the more realistic assessments applied to the 8 main tasks has shown a higher level of uncertainty in the overall project.

Based on this chart, a more realistic date for project completion would be 17Sep20 (with an 80% chance of being successful).

But suppose committing to 17Sep20 is not acceptable for contractual or technical reasons. How does this help us? The good news is we know **now** that we have a problem. Our chance of successful project delivery by the original date (4Sep20) based on the current schedule is very small. We need to modify the schedule to improve our chances. Changes could include:

- Reducing risk/uncertainty by further review of the estimates
- Reducing task durations perhaps by applying more resources
- Changing the schedule logic to give high risk tasks more slack/float.

But where to start... See chapter 5 for the answer!

Chapter 5: Analyzing Results.

While the Histograms and S-Curves shown earlier (for example Figure 2.37) provide us with information about the effect of duration uncertainty and the dates by which we might complete our project at an acceptable level of confidence, they do not help us understand what was driving the result. This is where Sensitivity and Risk Path analysis can help us.

5.1 Sensitivity Analysis

As its name implies, Sensitivity Analysis can help us understand the relative sensitivity of our desired outcome to the uncertainty on each task in the schedule. In other words, this will show us the relative contribution of each task to the uncertainty of the outcome.

After having performed the Risk Analysis, choose View, Open Named View, Tornado (Schedule with Index). The report will look something like that shown in Figure 5.1.

ID	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Percent Critical	Percent Critical (Sensitivity)	Sensitivity Index	Sensitivity Index 50.0	Optimistic Finish of Project	Pessimistic Finish of Project	2020 Sep			*
				(Sensitivity)			Froject	Filipect	06	13	20	
11	SW Task 1	18 days	80%	80%	55%		9/10/20 1:07PM	9/22/20 9:03AM	(
14	SW Task 4	18 days	80%	80%	55%		9/10/20 1:07PM	9/22/20 9:03AM				
12	SW Task 2	18 days	41%	41%	28%		9/11/20 3:20PM	9/21/20 9:22AM				
13	SW Task 3	18 days	40%	40%	27%		9/11/20 3:28PM	9/21/20 9:09AM				
8	HW Task 4	20 days	20%	20%	7%	0	9/14/20 10:40AM	9/16/20 8:23AM				
5	HW Task 1	20 days	20%	20%	7%		9/14/20 10:40AM	9/16/20 8:23AM				
6	HW Task 2	20 days	10%	10%	3%		9/14/20 11:10AM	9/15/20 1:54PM				
7	HW Task 3	20 days	10%	10%	3%		9/14/20 11:11AM	9/15/20 1:52PM				

Figure 5.1

Although the critical path identified by Microsoft Project ran through the HW tasks we can clearly see that the SW Tasks are having more impact on the outcome. Although the SW tasks original had slack/float the higher risk applied to those tasks changes the critical path some 81% of the time.

The Percent Critical column shows how often each task was on the critical path duration the simulations. The Sensitivity Index shows the relative importance of each task to the uncertainty in the outcome. The Green/Red Gantt chart shows how the uncertainty affected the outcome relative to the Mean project completion date. The Green bar shows that when, for example, task 14 (HW Task 4) finished early then the project tended to finish early. Likewise, if task 14 finished late then it tended to push out the project completion.

Since tasks 14 and 11 were not only having the most impact on the outcome, but also tended to make the project finish earlier when their duration was set to the optimistic (best case) duration they will be good candidates for helping compress the schedule and reduce uncertainty.

As mentioned above there are three typical approaches:

- Reducing risk/uncertainty by further review of the estimates
- Reducing task durations perhaps by applying more resources
- Changing the schedule logic to give high risk tasks more slack/float.

As mentioned in section 3.1, it is possible to specify the desired Sensitivity Target for both Schedule and Cost when performing the risk analysis. This can be important on larger schedules where interim delivery milestones are important.

In the example shown in Figure 5.2 the Schedule Sensitivity Target has been changed to milestone ID 9 (HW Complete). Perhaps this represents a client deliverable or stage payment.

🛞 Risk Analysis	×
Number of Simulations: 10000	Full Backward Pass 🗌
A	lways Honor Constraints 🔽
Preferred Date/Duration Histogram Interval	Day 🗸
Sched <u>u</u> le Sensitivity Target: 9 (HW Comple	ete) 🗸 🗸
Cost Sensitivity Target: 0 (Full Monte I	Demonstration) ~
Help	OK Cancel

After running the risk analysis, the task histogram data will be unchanged but the Tornado (Schedule with Index) will be quite different as shown in Figure 5.3

ID	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Percent Critical	Percent Critical (Sensitivity)	Sensitivity Index	Sensitivity Index 50.0	Optimistic Finish of Milestone ID 9	Pessimistic Finish of Milestone ID 9	2020 Aug 23	Sep [30
5	HW Task 1	20 days	19%	100%	60%		8/28/20 10:08AM	9/4/20 9:53AM		
8	HW Task 4	20 days	19%	100%	60%		8/28/20 10:08AM	9/4/20 9:53AM		
7	HW Task 3	20 days	10%	50%	30%		9/1/20 9:18AM	9/3/20 4:18PM		
6	HW Task 2	20 days	10%	50%	30%		9/1/20 9:22AM	9/3/20 4:14PM		

Figure 5.3

Now the Tornado Sensitivity chart only shows tasks creating uncertainty in the HW Complete milestone.

Note: While the 'Percent Critical' column still shows the percentage of the time these tasks were on the critical path to project completion, the 'Percent Critical (Sensitivity)' column shows the percentage of the time the tasks were on the critical path to the sensitivity target.

The one disadvantage of the Tornado Sensitivity chart is that it only shows tasks creating uncertainty in the outcome. When we updated the task uncertainty data, some tasks (for example task 2 'Initiate') had no uncertainty defined and therefore do not appear on the Tornado chart despite being a critical predecessor to task 5 'HW task 1'. Risk Path Analysis can solve that problem.

5.2 Risk Path Analysis

While the Tornado sensitivity chart is an invaluable tool to highlight tasks creating the most uncertainty and the best opportunities for schedule compression, it does not show the complete picture so it can become difficult to understand **how** the tasks are affecting the outcome.

Figure 5.2

To solve this problem, Full Monte calculates a Risk Path index which identifies the various possible critical paths to the desired milestone or project completion based upon their probability of affecting the outcome (Percentage Critical).

The Risk Path can be inserted as a column in any Full Monte View. Right-Click on a column heading and choose Insert Column Before (or after), Other Full Monte Columns, Risk Path as shown in Figure 5.4.

File	Edit	View	Help	<u>R</u> isk Ar	nalysis	<u>G</u> ra	phs				Search	n for N	ame or ID		<u>></u> >	Delive	ery				
ID		Task	Name		Remaini Duratio	-	Early Fii Histi	Durat Find in C		Duction	Duest	tion ikely	Duration Pessimistic	Duration Confidenc Interval (%	e	Distril	bution <u>T</u>	ype:	(None)		
נ	🖯 Full	Monte	Demonstra	tion	14 w	ks	Gri	Find Aga	ain (F3)										ons cani o remain		
I	🖯 Fu	II Mont	e 2017 Der	nonstrati	14 w	ks	Gn	Delete C	olumn							1011	uono m	11201	5 roman	ing du	induonia.
2	1	nitiate			1	wk 5	5/5/	Insert Co	olumn (be	fore)	•	Sta	rt Date Colu	mns)		Dura	ation	or	Percer
3		Develo	pment		12 w	ks	Gn	Add Col	umn (afte	r)	•	Fin	ish Date Col	umns)	• i <mark>c:</mark>			or	90
4	E) Hard	ware		12 w	ks	Gn	Freeze C	olumn			Du	ration Colur	nns)	l <mark>y:</mark>			or	100
5		HW	/Task 1		4 w	ks	Gn	Resize C	olumn to	Fit Data		Sla	ck Columns)	tic			or	110
6		HW	/ Task 2		4 w	ks	Gn	Resize C	olumn to	Fit Window		Co	st Columns)	ce in	iterval	(%)·		100
7		HW	/ Task 3		4 w	ks	Gn	Edit Bar	Chart Colu	umn		Ser	nsitivity Colu	imns)			().	_	100
В		HW	/ Task 4		4 w	ks	Gn	Do Full A	Analysis fo	r All Bars		Ot	ner Full Mor	te Column	s)	An	alysis	Log Me	ssage	s
9		HW	/ Complete			0	Graph	(None)				Mi	crosoft Proje	ect Codes)	Cri	itical F	redeces	sors	
10	E) Softw	are		54 da	iys	Graph	(None)				Mi	crosoft Proje	ect Text Fiel	ds	,	Cri	itical S	uccesso	ors	
11		SW	Task 1		18 da	iys	Graph	Triangula	Г	95%	1	Otl	her Microsof	it Project C	olum	ins I	Da	te of S	Simulati	on	
12		SW	Task 2		18 da	iys	Graph	Triangula	ir	95%	1	Use	er-defined F	ilter Colum	ns		Ha	is Bars			
13		SW	Task 3		18 da	iys	Graph	Triangula	ir	95%	1	Ne	w Barchart (Column			Ha	is Butt	ons		
14		SW	Task 4		18 da	iys	Graph	Triangula	ir	95%	1	110%	150%	100	%		Ha	is JCL	Data		
15		SW	Complete			0	Graph	(None)									Ha	is Log	Messag	e	
16		ntegrat	ion		1	wk	Graph	(None)									Joi	nt Co	nfidence	e Leve	el
17		Integr	ation		1	wk	Graph	(None)									Lev	vel of	Effort Fl	ag	
18		Marketi	ng		3 w	ks 7	7/28/17	. (None)										erge D	elay		
22 1014	No Filt	ar Hi	abliabt: Dr	oiect (1		lot S	orted	mulations	10000 Se	ncitivity Tar	raets: 0	(sche	edule), 0 (co	r+)	-	- F	leli Nu	mber	of Trials	5	
ng	5 da		gringita Pi	ojece (1	10003) [1	_	24/17 8:0			5:00 PM	NA	acite	uule), v (cu	.,			Pe	rcent	Active		
'8	0 da	·					1/17 5:00		8/4/17		NA						Per	rcent	Critical		
	U Ga	ay 5				0/4	+/1/5:00	J PIVI	0/4/1/3	0.00 PIVI	INA						Ris	k Patł	1		

Figure 5.4

The result is shown in Figure 5.5

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp <u>R</u> isk A	nalysis <u>G</u> ra	aphs		S	earch for Nam	e or ID		≥>	Delivery			
ID 🔺	Task Name	Remaining Duration	Risk Path	Duration Distribution Type	Duration Optimistic	Duration Most Likely	Duration Pessimistic	Finish Histogra		Distribution <u>Ty</u>			
0	E Full Monte Demonstration	70 days	1	(None)				Graph		Duration distr for LOE tasks	or tasks with		
1	Sample Project	70 days	1	(None)				Graph			durations.		
2	Initiate	5 days	1	(None)				05Jun20)		Duration	or	Percent
3	Development	60 days		(None)				Graph		Optimistic:		or	90%
4	Hardware	60 days		(None)				Graph		Most likely:		or	100%
5	HW Task 1	20 days	3	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		Pessimistic:		or	110%
6	HW Task 2	20 days	4	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		Confidence inte	erval (%):		100%
7	HW Task 3	20 days	3	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		_			
8	HW Task 4	20 days	3	Triangular	90%	100%	115%	Graph		Correl <u>ation</u>	Existence	Br	anching
9	HW Complete	0	3	(None)				Graph					
10	Software	54 days		(None)				Graph					
11	SW Task 1	18 days	1	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	Graph					
12	SW Task 2	18 days	2	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	Graph					
13	SW Task 3	18 days	1	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	Graph					
14	SW Task 4	18 days	1	Triangular	95%	110%	150%	Graph					
15	SW Complete	0	1	(None)				Graph					
16	Integration	5 days		(None)				Graph					
17	Integration	5 days	1	(None)				Graph			_		
18	Marketing	15 days		(None)				28Aug2	0		A		Changes
19	Brochure Development	10 days		(None)				21Aug2	D	Help		Car	icel
20	Brochure Printing	5 days		(None)				28Aug2	D				
21	Delivery	0	1	(None)				Graph					

Figure 5.5

In Figure 5.5 we can see that Initiate, SW Task 1. SW task 3, SW Task 4, and Integration have been identified as the primary critical path to project delivery (Risk Path is set to 1)

This will be easier to visualize in a Gantt chart.

From the View menu choose Open Named View and then select (New). When the new view opens turn off the 'Observe Hierarchy' option from the view menu.

Add the Risk Path column.

Then from the View menu, select Filter and then New Filter. Complete the details as shown in Figure 5.6.

🛞 Filte	r De	finition		_		×
Туре:	Task	Name: Risk_F	Path Description	n: Has Risk Path		
And/0)r	Field Name	Test	Value		Case Sens,
None	\sim	Risk Path	is valid 🗸 🗸 🗸			
And	\sim		~			
				01/		
He	lp			OK	Car	ncel

Figure 5.6.

Click OK and the filter will be applied to the view as shown in Figure 5.7.

ID	Task Name 🔺	Risk Path
21	Delivery	1
9	HW Complete	3
5	HW Task 1	3
6	HW Task 2	3
7	HW Task 3	4
8	HW Task 4	3
2	Initiate	1
17	Integration	1
15	SW Complete	1
11	SW Task 1	1
12	SW Task 2	2
13	SW Task 3	1
14	SW Task 4	1

Figure 5.7

We can now add a Gantt chart by right-clicking the Risk Path column heading and choosing New Barchart Column as shown in Figure 5.8.

File	View Help	Risk Ana	alysis			
ID	Task Name		Risk Path			
1	Delivery			Find in Column		
	HW Complete			Find Again (F3)		
	HW Task 1			Delete Column		
	HW Task 2			Insert Column (before)		
7	HW Task 3			Add Column (after)	Start Date Columns	•
	HW Task 4			Freeze Column	Finish Date Columns	•
	Initiate			Resize Column to Fit Data	Duration Columns	•
7	Integration			Resize Column to Fit Window	Slack Columns	•
5	SW Complete			Edit Bar Chart Column	Cost Columns	•
1	SW Task 1			Do Full Analysis for All Bars	Sensitivity Columns	•
2	SW Task 2			2	Other Full Monte Columns	•
3	SW Task 3			1	Microsoft Project Codes	•
4	SW Task 4			1	Microsoft Project Text Fields	•
					Other Microsoft Project Columns	•
					User-defined Filter Columns	•
					New Barchart Column	

Figure 5.8

Configure the Barchart column as shown in Figure 5.9.

🛞 В	ar Definition Dial	og							×
<u>D</u> ata	Type: Date	~							_
	Bar Start:		Bar Finish	Line No.	Color	Bar Height	Show Zero- Length Bar	Sort on:	
•	Early Start Per	centile (80%)	Early Finish Percentile (80	%) 1		20		(None)	
*									
									X
Colu	ımn Header Text:	Risk Path Gantt	Chart						
		Extend Grid I	ines Downward	Show <u>N</u> onwork	Time		Split Bars for	Nonwork Time	е
	<u>H</u> elp							ОК	Cancel

Figure 5.9

Click OK to draw the bars and then click the Risk Path column heading to sort the tasks into ascending order of Risk Path as shown in Figure 5.10.

					Risk Path Gantt Chart	
ID	Task Name	Risk Path 🔺	2017 May	Jun	Jul	Aug
2	Initiate	1	-	lo un	1001	p and
11	SW Task 1	1				
13	SW Task 3	1				
14	SW Task 4	1				
15	SW Complete	1				
17	Integration	1				—
21	Delivery	1				
12	SW Task 2	2				
5	HW Task 1	3	_			
6	HW Task 2	3				
8	HW Task 4	3				
9	HW Complete	3				
7	HW Task 3	4				

Figure 5.10

The five tasks on the primary driving path to delivery are shown on Risk Path 1. A minor variation where SW Task 2 drives the project is shown on Path 2 and so on.

Unfortunately, Full Monte does not yet feature logic links or data driven colors for Gantt bars but this is something Microsoft project does well. So, could we draw this chart using Microsoft Project?

The answer is yes thanks to the field mappings that were described in section 2.2. We can save data calculated by Full Monte right back into Microsoft project custom fields.

Close the new view (choosing to save the view). Enter a name and view description.

Now close Full Monte. You will be prompted twice to save information. The first prompt (shown in Figure 5.11) asks if you wish to save Task Data. Choose Yes to save any inputs you made to task uncertainty information.

Note: if you choose No, any data updates you made in Full Monte will be lost and you will not have an opportunity to save the Risk Analysis results.

Save Changes	Х
Po you want to save changes you made to task data?	
Yes <u>N</u> o Cancel	

Figure 5.11

You will then be prompted to save the results of Risk Analysis as shown in Figure 5.12.

Save Results	×
P Do you want to save the results of Risk Analysis?	
Yes <u>N</u> o Cancel	

Figure 5.12

Choosing Yes will save the results of the analysis in several fields and will also update any additional custom fields that were specified in the Filed Mappings dialog.

5.3 Custom Views in Microsoft Project

The Full Monte demonstration project has been preconfigured with several custom views based on Risk Analysis data calculated and saved by Full Monte.

After the demonstration project was analyzed and the results saved in section 3.2 the Microsoft Project Gantt chart will update to show a risk adjusted scheduled based on 80% confidence (aka 80th Percentile or P80 dates) as shown in Figure 5.13.

onte				d-Ins Developer r Administration *	Help Format	t Q Tell me	what you want to do					- 9
ты 1 н н н		Schedule Full Monte SRA™ Barb	ecana Schedule I									
Sarc						Start Percentile	Finish Percentile	Jun 14, '20 Jun 28, '20			ig 9, '20 Aug 23, '20	Sep 6, '20
	0						(80%) -	W M S T T	S F W M	S T T S	F W M S	TTS
		4 Full Monte Demonstration	70 days				9/17/20 8:31 AM					
		✓ Sample Project	70 days	6/1/20 8:00 AM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	6/1/20 8:00 AM	9/17/20 8:31 AM					
		Initiate	5 days	6/1/20 8:00 AM	6/5/20 5:00 PM	6/1/20 8:00 AM	6/5/20 5:00 PM					
		▲ Development	60 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	6/8/20 8:00 AM	9/10/20 8:31 AM					Ψ
		▲ Hardware	60 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	6/8/20 8:00 AM	9/3/20 8:24 AM					Ψ.
		HW Task 1	20 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	7/3/20 5:00 PM	6/8/20 8:00 AM	7/7/20 10:07 AM		7			
		HW Task 2	20 days	7/6/20 8:00 AM	7/31/20 5:00 PM	7/7/20 10:08 AM	8/4/20 4:16 PM		,			
		HW Task 3	20 days	7/6/20 8:00 AM	7/31/20 5:00 PM	7/7/20 10:08 AM	8/4/20 4:21 PM			_		
		HW Task 4	20 days	8/3/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	8/5/20 11:29 AM	9/3/20 8:24 AM					-
		HW Complete	0 days	8/28/20 5:00 PM		9/3/20 8:24 AM	9/3/20 8:24 AM				•]	•
)		▲ Software	54 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	8/20/20 5:00 PM	6/8/20 8:00 AM	9/10/20 8:29 AM				•	Ψ
		SW Task 1	18 days	6/8/20 8:00 AM	7/1/20 5:00 PM	6/8/20 8:00 AM	7/9/20 9:28 AM	Ì	00000	_		
		SW Task 2	18 days	7/2/20 8:00 AM	7/27/20 5:00 PM	7/9/20 9:29 AM	8/10/20 8:57 AM	+				
		SW Task 3	18 days	7/2/20 8:00 AM	7/27/20 5:00 PM	7/9/20 9:29 AM	8/10/20 9:28 AM			1		
		SW Task 4	18 days	7/28/20 8:00 AM	8/20/20 5:00 PM	8/11/20 9:47 AM	9/10/20 8:29 AM					
j		SW Complete	0 days	8/20/20 5:00 PM		9/10/20 8:29 AM	9/10/20 8:29 AM				•	•
5		Integration	5 days	8/31/20 8:00 AM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	9/10/20 8:32 AM	9/17/20 8:31 AM				Ţ	
7		Integration	5 days	8/31/20 8:00 AM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	9/10/20 8:32 AM	9/17/20 8:31 AM			_		
		Marketing	15 days	8/10/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	8/10/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM					
9		Brochure Development	t 10 days	8/10/20 8:00 AM	8/21/20 5:00 PM	8/10/20 8:00 AM	8/21/20 5:00 PM					
0		Brochure Printing	5 days	8/24/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM	8/24/20 8:00 AM	8/28/20 5:00 PM				000000000	↓
1		Delivery	0 days	9/4/20 5:00 PM	9/4/20 5:00 PM	9/17/20 8:31 AM	9/17/20 8:31 AM					•
								4				

Figure 5.13

The original bars based on the Early Start/Early Finish calculated by Microsoft Project are the Red/Blue bars and underneath each of these is a color-coded bar showing the 80% confidence dates. The Bar Styles are defined as shown in Figure 5.14.

Cut Row Paste Roy	N Insert Row					
Name	Appearance	Show For Tasks		From	То	
Task		Normal,Noncritical,Not Milestone	1	Task Start	Task Finish	
Task		Normal,Critical,Active,Not Milestone		Task Start	Task Finish	
Milestone	•	Milestone, Active, Not Group By Summary,	1	Task Finish	Task Finish	
Summary	V V	Summary, Active, Not Manually Scheduled	1	Task Start	Task Finish	
Project Summary		Project Summary	1	Task Start	Task Finish	
Deadline	+		1	Deadline	Deadline	
Progress		Normal,Not Manually Scheduled	1	Actual Start	CompleteThrough	
Risk Milestone	•	Milestone	2	Early Finish Percentile (8	Early Finish Percentile (80%	
P80 Not Critical		Normal, Flag1	2	Early Start Percentile (80	Early Finish Percentile (80%	
P80 < 50%		Normal, Flag2			Early Finish Percentile (80%	
P80 50-99%		Normal, Flag3			Early Finish Percentile (80%	
P80 100%		Normal, Flag4			Early Finish Percentile (80%	
P80 Summary	V	Summary, Active, Not Manually Scheduled	2	Early Start Percentile (80	Early Finish Percentile (80%	
Text Bars						
Start		Middle		End		
<u>S</u> hape:	~	Sh <u>a</u> pe:		✓ Shap <u>e</u> :	~	
Type:	~	Pattern:		∨ Type:	~	
<u>C</u> olor:		C <u>o</u> lor:		✓ Color:	~	
Help					OK Cance	

Figure 5.14

Note: Flag fields have been used to control when the various color bars are displayed based on the criticality of the tasks in the risk analysis. The criticality information was saved to Number1 by Full Monte. See an example in Figure 5.15.

Custom Fields	×		Jun 18, '17 W M	Jul 2, '17 Jul 16, '17 S T T S F
Field				
Task O Resource O Project Type:				
Field	^			
P80 Not Critical (Flag1) P80 < 50% Critical (Flag2)				
P80 > 50% < 100% Critical (Flag3)				
P80 Critical (Flag4)				~~~~~~
Flag5				
Flag6				
Flag7				~
Rename Delete Add Field to Enterp	Formula for 'P80 Not Crit	ical		×
Rename Delete Add Field to Enterpr	Edit formula			
Custom attributes	P80 Not Critical =			
ONone O Lookup Formula	llf([Number1]<0.1,Ye	s,No)		
Calculation for task and group summary rows				
None O Rollup: OR OU	s			
Calculation for assignment rows	+ - * / & M		= <> <	> AND OR NOT
None Roll down unless manually entered				
	Insert: Field 🔻	Function 👻		Import Formula
Values to display				
Data O Graphical Indicators	Help			OK Cancel
Help	OK Cancel			
DNA 7/10/17 8·00 ANA 7/01/17 5·00 DNA		1		·
Figure 5.15				

We can use the same techniques to draw a nice Risk Path Gantt chart. In our Field Mapping's Full Monte save the risk path to custom field Number2.

We can use some more Flag fields to control the color of the bars based on the Risk Path number as shown in Figure 5.16.

Custom Fields				\times	Jun 4, '17 T S	Jun 18, '17 Jul F W M S
<u>F</u> ield						
● Task ○ Resource	○ Project	Type:	Flag	~		
Field				^		
Flag10						
Number 2 = Path 1 (Flag11)						
Number 2 = Path 2 (Flag12)						
Number 2 = Path 3 (Flag13)						
Number 2 = Path 4 (Flag14)	Formula for 'N	lumber 2 =	Path 1'			×
Number 2 = Path 5 (Flag15)	E dit de mude					
Number 2 = Path 6 (Flag16)	Edit formula					
Rename Delete	Number 2 =					
Kellallie Delete	llf(Number	2=1,Yes,N	o)			
Custom attributes						
ONone O Lookup						
Calculation for task and group	s + - *	/ & M		1	= <> < >	AND OR NOT
None Rollup: OR		7 0 M		()		AND OK NOT
Calculation for assignment row	Insert:	Field 👻	Funct	ion 👻		Import Formula
None Roll down unles	55					
	Help				0	K Cancel
Values to display						
Data Graphical In	dicators					
Help		ОК	Car	ncel		

Figure 5.16

The resultant Gantt view in Microsoft project is shown in Figure 5.17.

				Early Start
Task Name		Start ·	Finish	Percentile (80%) 🔻
4 Risk Path: 1	70d	5/1/17 8:00 AM	8/4/17 5:00 PM	
Initiate	5 days	5/1/17 8:00 AM	5/5/17 5:00 PM	5/1/17 8:00 AM
SW Task 1	18 days	5/8/17 8:00 AM	5/31/17 5:00 PM	5/8/17 8:00 AM
SW Task 3	18 days	6/1/17 8:00 AM	6/26/17 5:00 PM	6/8/17 9:31 AM
SW Task 4	18 days	6/27/17 8:00 AM	7/20/17 5:00 PM	7/11/17 9:33 AM
SW Complete	0 days	7/20/17 5:00 PM	7/20/17 5:00 PM	8/10/17 8:26 AM
Integration	5 days	7/31/17 8:00 AM	8/4/17 5:00 PM	8/10/17 8:26 AM
Delivery	0 days	8/4/17 5:00 PM	8/4/17 5:00 PM	8/17/17 8:26 AM
Risk Path: 2	18d	6/1/17 8:00 AM	6/26/17 5:00 PM	
SW Task 2	18 days	6/1/17 8:00 AM	6/26/17 5:00 PM	6/8/17 9:31 AM
Risk Path: 3	60d	5/8/17 8:00 AM	7/28/17 5:00 PM	
HW Task 1	20 days	5/8/17 8:00 AM	6/2/17 5:00 PM	5/8/17 8:00 AM
HW Task 2	20 days	6/5/17 8:00 AM	6/30/17 5:00 PM	6/6/17 10:27 AM
HW Task 4	20 days	7/3/17 8:00 AM	7/28/17 5:00 PM	7/5/17 11:38 AM
HW Complete	0 days	7/28/17 5:00 PM	7/28/17 5:00 PM	8/3/17 8:42 AM
Risk Path: 4	20d	6/5/17 8:00 AM	6/30/17 5:00 PM	
HW Task 3	20 days	6/5/17 8:00 AM	6/30/17 5:00 PM	6/6/17 10:27 AM

Figure 5.17

Note: The Gannt chart has been grouped by Risk Path as shown in Figure 5.18.

Group Definition in 'Full Monte Demonstration'												
Name: FM Risk Pa	Show in me	enu										
	Field Name	Field Type	Order	^								
Group By	Risk Path 🗸	Task	Ascending									
Then By												
Then By				\mathbf{v}								
Group <u>a</u> ssign	Group <u>a</u> ssignments, not tasks											
Group by setting fo	or Risk Path											
Font:	Segoe UI 10 pt, Bold		<u>F</u> ont									
<u>C</u> ell background:			~									
Pattern:			~									
Define <u>G</u> roup Intervals												
Sho <u>w</u> summary t	asks											
Maintain hierarc	hy											
<u>H</u> elp		<u>S</u> ave	Cancel									

Figure 5.18

Summary

This 'getting Started' guide is a quick introduction to using Full Monte to satisfy the requirement for project Schedule Risk Assessments.

It has attempted to show various ways the tool can be used to suit different customer needs.

There are many more features in the product compared to the few shown here. Please consult the Full Monte Installation Guide for advanced topics on software configuration and the Full Monte User Guide for details on other product features such as modelling discreet threats/opportunities with Task Existence and Probabilistic Branching, risk mitigation with Conditional Branching, shared influencing factors with Correlation and diagnostic tools to help explain results.

Thank you for using our software.

Barbecana.